Throwing It Out: Introducing a Nexus Perspective in Examining Citizen Perceptions of Organizational Food Waste in the U.S.

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Food Waste

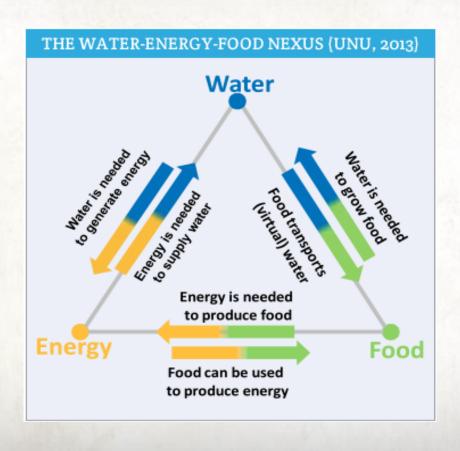
- Recently, food waste has received increased attention thanks to social media, documentaries, and other reports.
 - 40% of food in the U.S. is wasted
 - 1.3 billion tons of edible food are waste globally each year
 - Food waste is the largest contributor to MSW
- Individual behaviors and preferences
- "reduce food waste by 50% by 2030"
 - Production, manufacturing, retail, consumers, recovery, regulation
 - Raise public awareness, education, & outreach
 - EPA Toxic Release Inventory lists the food industry as one of the top ten polluting industries for the past decade

An Organizational Problem?

- Food is wasted at every point along the supply chain
 - 150 million pounds of food from grocery stores, restaurants, and convenience stores are thrown out every day
 - "Food waste is a sign that the store is meeting quality control (cosmetic imperfections) and full-shelf standards."
 - 12.6% of fruit, 11.6% of vegetables, 12.7% of meat, poultry, and seafood are wasted (USDA)



Food Waste and the Nexus





Food Waste and the Nexus

- Interrelations between W-E-F
- Wasted food also wastes the water and energy required to grow, harvest, treat, and transport the wasted food and increases the costs of disposal.
- 10% of U.S. energy budget is used getting food "farm to fork" and agriculture uses 80% of all freshwater consumed (NRDC)
- The most common methods of food disposal, incineration and anabolic digestion (landfills), are also the most energy intensive.

 Reducing food waste by 50% will not happen if organizational waste isn't made a priority.



Current Study

- To what extent do individuals show concern about food waste from retail organizations, and what, if anything, do they want done about it?
 - 2 gaps: nationally representative data & organizational waste
- Nationally representative survey data from August, 2015
- Dependent Variables:
 - Concern about food wasted by grocery stores, restaurants, and cafeterias
 - Policy support for additional licensing fees for organizations that do not follow a food waste reduction plan
 - Policy support for reducing food waste through construction of composting facilities



Nexus Awareness

- To what extent are individuals aware that there are connections between food, water, and energy?
- FW index mean of 15 survey questions
- FE index was a mean of 7 survey questions, only 1 question used in study



Some Results

- Concern for food waste:
 - Females, Individuals with more general environmental concern, FE nexus awareness, & FW nexus awareness show more concern for food waste
- Higher licensing fees:
 - Political liberals, Individuals with higher environmental concern, FE nexus awareness, & FW nexus awareness support policies to increase licensing fees to restaurants that do not follow an approved food waste reduction plan
- Composting facilities:
 - White non-Hispanic, Individuals with higher levels of education, environmental concern, FE nexus awareness, & FW nexus awareness support reducing food waste through construction of composting facilities



Some Conclusions

- The importance of nexus awareness (only consistent predictors across all models)
 - Requires individuals to make the connection between the resources
- Awareness may likely reduce amounts of food waste & provide avenues for policy implementation



Thank You!

